Editors: Bruce Campbell and Francesca Samsel

The Emerging Genre of Data Comics

Benjamin Bach

Harvard University

Nathalie Henry Riche

Microsoft Research

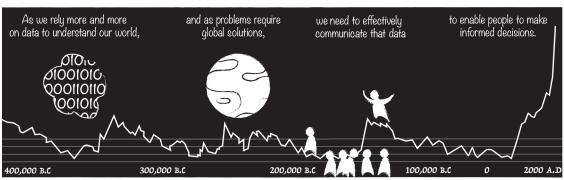
Sheelagh Carpendale

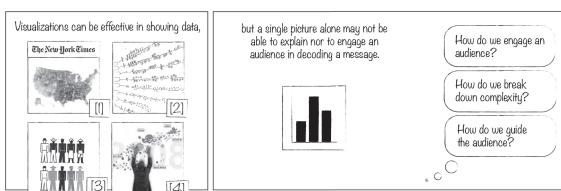
University of Calgary

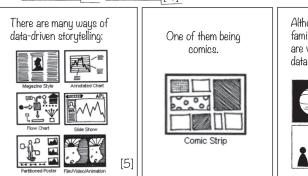
Hanspeter Pfister

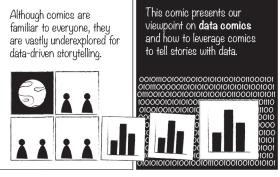
Harvard University

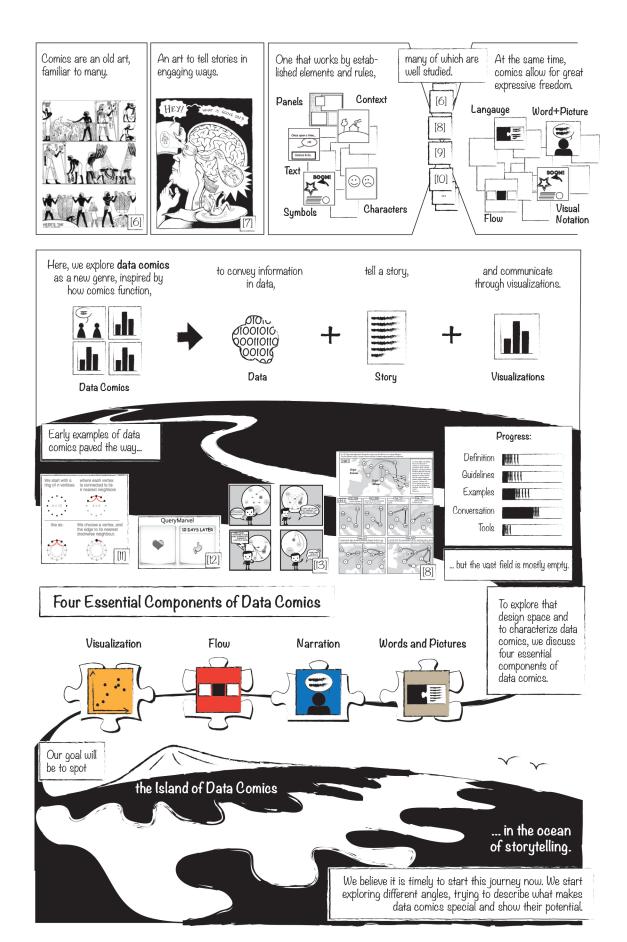
6

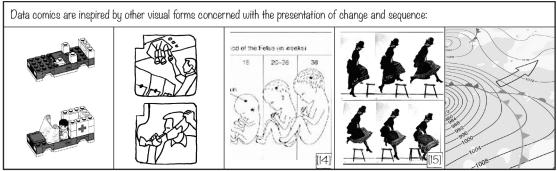


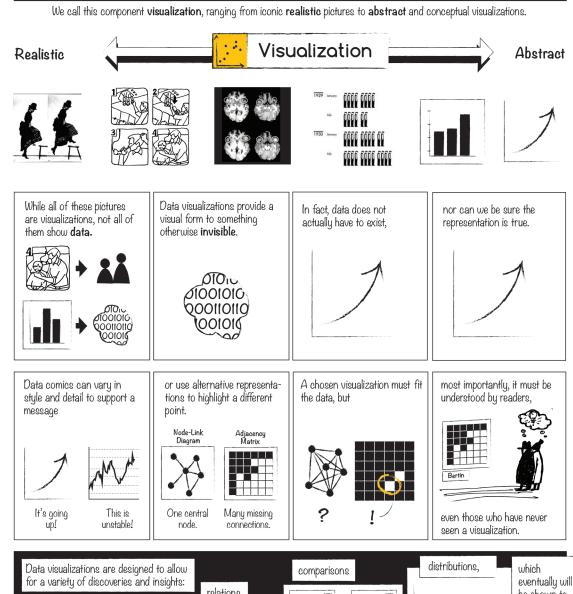


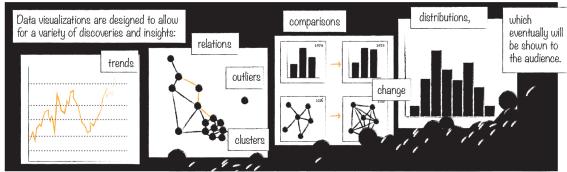


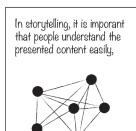






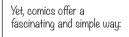








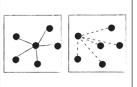




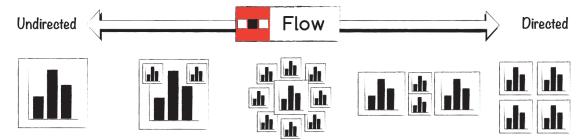






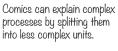


We call this component flow, ranging from an undirected nonexplicit flow to a directed flow indicated by the order of the panels.

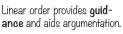




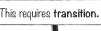




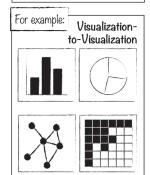


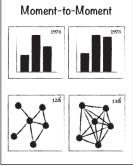


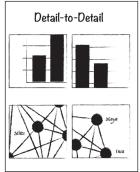


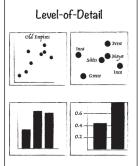


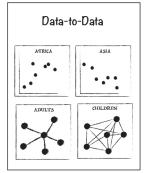


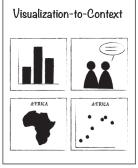


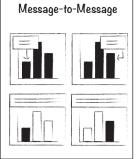


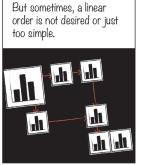


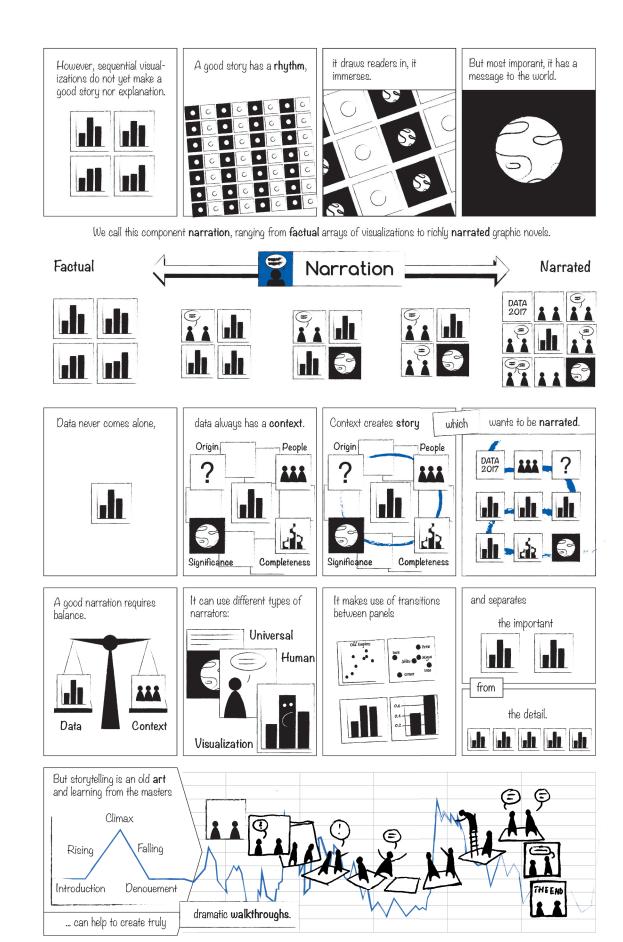




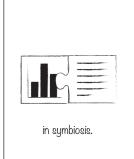


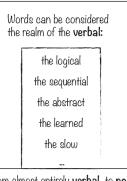


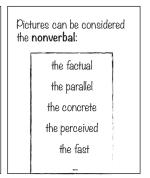












We call this component Word and Picture, ranging from almost entirely verbal, to nonverbal and visual.



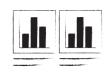


Nonverbal





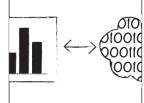




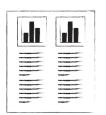




In data comics, pictures are mostly visualizations that show evidence in data.





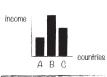


or can stand alone where no words are required to convey the intention.*



*Understanding can come from context, but more text may be better than less.

Words can help understand a picture, explaining and telling us what to look at.

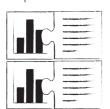


Can you figure out which countries are shown?

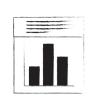
Data comics embrace both words and pictures to create a better understanding.



A combination can mean associating paragraphs with pictures



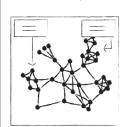
or integrating text into pictures,

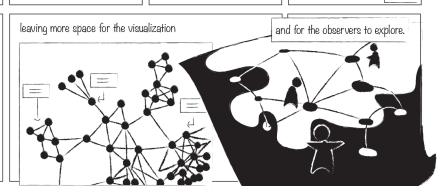


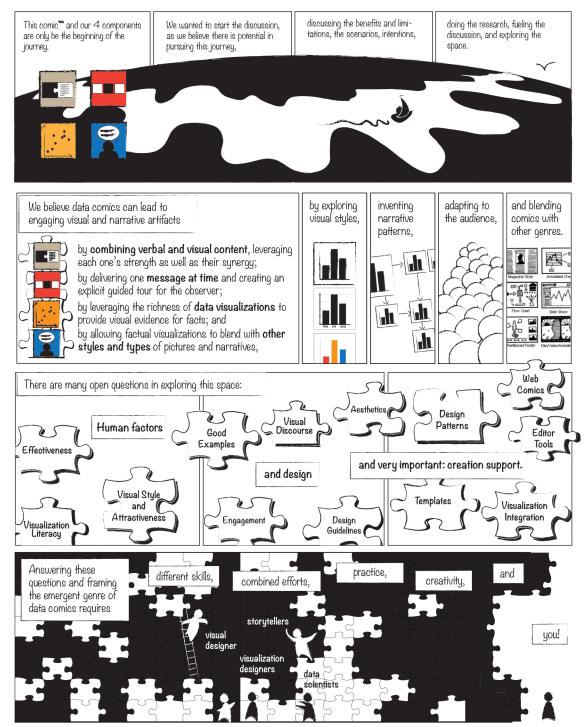
or pictures into text.

We can show an increase or any other pattern in temporal data ~~. Others showed soccer games ~~, or the amount of change in data ~~, changes in networks \equiv , and small maps ϵ .

Eventually, text can become mere annotations,







** This is **not** a data comic, as it does not tell a story about data. It is an homage to Scott McCloud [6].

www.datacomics.net

References

- J. Katz, "'Duck Dynasty' vs. 'Modern Family': 50
 Maps of the U.S. Cultural Divide," New York Times,
 27 Dec. 2017; www.nytimes.com/interactive/2016/
 12/26/upshot/duck-dynasty-vs-modern-family
 -television-maps.html.
- 2. G. Lupi and S. Posavec, *Dear Data*, Princeton Architectural Press, 2016; www.dear-data.com.
- Isotype Inst., www.humantific.com/tag/isotype -institute.
- 4. Gapminder, www.gapminder.org.
- 5. E. Segel and J. Heer, "Narrative Visualization: Telling

- Stories with Data," *IEEE Trans. Visualization and Computer Graphics*, vol. 16, no. 6, 2010, pp. 1139–1148.
- 6. S. McCloud, *Understanding Comics: The Invisible Art*, William Morrow Paperbacks, 1994.
- 7. M. Farinella and H. Ros, *Neurocomic*, Nobrow Press, 2014.
- 8. B. Bach et al., "Telling Stories about Dynamic Networks with Graph Comics," *Proc. CHI Conf. Human Factors in Computing Systems*, 2016, pp. 3670–3682.
- 9. Visual Language Lab, www.visuallanguagelab.com.
- 10. W. Eisner, Comics and Sequential Art: Principles and Practices from the Legendary Cartoonist, W.W. Norton & Company, 2008.
- B. Victor, "Scientific Communication as Sequential Art," 24 May 2011; worrydream.com/#!/ ScientificCommunicationAsSequentialArt.
- 12. J. Jin and P. Szekely, "QueryMarvel: A Visual Query Language for Temporal Patterns Using Comic Strips," *Proc. IEEE Symp. Visual Languages and Human-Centric Computing* (VL/HCC), 2009, pp. 207–214.
- 13. Z. Zhao, R. Marr, and N. Elmqvist, "Data Comics: Sequential Art for Data-Driven Storytelling," tech. report, Univ. of Maryland, 2015.
- 14. K.L. Moore, T.V.N. Persaud, and M.G. Torchia, "Critical Periods in Human Development," *The Developing Human: Clinically Oriented Embryology*, 9th ed., Saunders, 2011.
- 15. E. Muybridge, "Woman Jumping, Running Straight High Jump," *Animal Locomotion*, plate 156, 1887.
- 16. E.R. Tufte, The Visual Display of Quantitative Information, Graphics Press, 2001.
- 17. C. Perin, R. Vuillemot, J.-D. Fekete, "SoccerStories: A Kick-Off for Visual Soccer Analysis," *IEEE Trans. Visualization and Computer Graphics*, vol. 19, no. 12, 2013, pp. 2506–2515.
- 18. B. Bach et al., "Time Curves: Folding Time to Visualize Patterns of Temporal Evolution in Data," *IEEE Trans. Visualization and Computer Graphics*, vol. 22, no. 1, 2016, pp. 559–568.
- 19. U. Brandes and B. Nick, "Asymmetric Relations in Longitudinal Social Networks," *IEEE Trans. Visualization and Computer Graphics*, vol. 17, no. 12, 2011, pp. 2283–2290.
- 20. P. Goffin et al., "Exploring the Placement and Design of Word-Scale Visualizations," *IEEE Trans. Visualization and Computer Graphics*, vol. 20, no. 12, 2014, pp. 2291–2300.

Benjamin Bach is a research fellow at the Harvard University School of Engineering and Applied Sciences. Contact him at benj.bach@gmail.com.

Nathalie Henry Riche is a researcher at Microsoft Research. Contact her at nath@microsoft.com.

Editor's Note

The authors behind this special Art on Graphics department article—Benjamin Bach, Nathalie Henry Riche, Sheelagh Carpendale, and Hanspeter Pfister—also contributed this issue's cover image. See the About the Cover profile article, "Stories in the Data," for more details about their motivation, creative process, and attempts to leverage the massive untapped potential for data-driven comics to explain multiple threads of simultaneous data.

Sheelagh Carpendale is a professor at the University of Calgary. Contact her at sheelagh@ucalgary.ca.

Hanspeter Pfister is the An Wang Professor of Computer Science at the Harvard University School of Engineering and Applied Sciences. Contact him at pfister@seas.harvard.edu.

Contact department editors Bruce Campbell at bcampbel01 @risd.edu and Francesca Samsel at figs@cat.utexas.edu.



Read your subscriptions through the myCS publications portal at http://mycs.computer.org.

